

Appln. No. 10/616,833
Amdt. date April 27, 2004
Reply to Office action of January 27, 2004

REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

Attached hereto is a Substitute Specification which has been captioned "Substitute Specification." Also attached is a marked-up version of the changes made to the specification for the current amendment as reflected in the attached Substitute Specification, which has been captioned "Compare Version."

The Office action dated January 27, 2004 has been reviewed and the comments therein carefully considered. In the Office action, a number of questions and issues were raised with respect to the description of the new variety.

In response to the Office action, Applicant submits herein and attaches hereto a Substitute Specification, believed to address all of the issues and questions set forth in the Office Action and to clarify the description of the new variety.

In view of the forgoing amendment and remarks, it is respectfully submitted that the application is now in condition for allowance and allowance is earnestly solicited. If any questions remain regarding the allowability of the application, the Examiner is invited to contact the undersigned at the telephone number indicated below. Although Applicant believes that no fee is due at this time, the Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees under 37 CFR 1.16 and 1.17 which may be required by this paper to Deposit Account No. 03-1728. Please show our docket number with any charge or credit to our Deposit Account.

Respectfully submitted,
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Appendix:

Substitute Specification (Marked-up Copy)

Substitute Specification (Clean Copy)

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RASPBERRY PLANT NAMED 'PS-1764'

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/395,103, filed July 9, 2002.

5 CLASSIFICATION

The variety is botanically known as *Rubus idaeus*.

VARIETAL DENOMINATION

The new raspberry plant has the varietal name of 'PS-1764'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 The present invention relates to a new and distinct fall bearing raspberry variety designated as 'PS-1764'. This new variety is a result of a controlled cross between 'PS-127' (U.S. Plant Patent No. 7,437) and 'Heritage' (unpatented).

The seedling resulting from the aforementioned cross was selected from a controlled breeding plot near Watsonville, California. After its selection, the new variety was further
15 asexually propagated in Monterey County and Santa Cruz County, California by dormant canes, roots and non-dormant root shoot cuttings. The new variety was then extensively tested over the next several years in fruiting fields in Monterey County and Santa Cruz County, California. This propagation has demonstrated that the combination of traits disclosed herein as characterizing the new variety are fixed and remain true to type through
20 successive generations of asexual reproduction.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

'PS-1764' is primarily adapted to the climate and growing conditions of the central coast of California. This region provides the necessary year-round temperatures required for it to produce and maintain a strong vigorous plant with consistent fruit production from July
25 through November on primocanes and in the ensuing year from May through July on the

floricanes. The nearby Pacific Ocean provides the needed humidity and moderate temperatures to maintain fruit quality during the production months. The new variety possesses the following traits in combination distinguishing it from other known and closely related commercial varieties in the region. The varieties which we believe to be most closely
5 related to 'PS-1764' are 'PS-1070' (U.S. Plant Patent No. 11,073), and 'PS-1049' (U.S. Plant Patent No. 10,142).

COMPARISON TO SIMILAR VARIETIES

In comparison to the similar variety 'PS-1049', 'PS-1764' differs by the following combination of characteristics. 'PS-1764' fall fruit production begins later with lighter July-
10 August production as compared to 'PS-1049'. Floricane fruit production typically is slightly heavier in May yet similar in July as compared to 'PS-1049'. Primocanes are larger in diameter with laterals that are shorter in length as compared to 'PS-1049'. Primocanes of 'PS-1764' also differ by producing very little to no waxy coat on the surface as compared to 'PS-1049' which produces a strong waxy coat. Thorns are slightly shorter in length yet much
15 more abundant along the cane as compared to 'PS-1049'. Thorn tips of 'PS-1764' are very light red-purple in color as compared to 'PS-1049' which tends to be medium red-purple. The foliage of 'PS-1764' is slightly darker green in color and slightly more broad than long as compared to 'PS-1049'. 'PS-1764' has nearly always 3 leaflets per leaf as compared to 'PS-1049' which tends to be nearly equally 3 to 5 leaflets per leaf. Leaf shape of 'PS-1764' tends
20 to be mostly ovate while 'PS-1049' tends to be more cordate in shape. The fruit of 'PS-1764' is larger in size, lighter in color with larger yet fewer drupelets per berry as compared to 'PS-1049'. The skin is slightly weaker yet glossier than 'PS-1049'. Seeds are also larger in size as compared to 'PS-1049'.

In comparison to the similar variety 'PS-1070', 'PS-1764' differs by the following
25 combination of characteristics. 'PS-1764' fall fruit production begins much later with lighter July-August production as compared to 'PS-1070'. Floricane fruit production typically is slightly lighter in May yet heavier in July as compared to 'PS-1070'. Primocanes are taller in height, larger in diameter with laterals that are slightly longer in length as compared to 'PS-1070'. Primocanes of 'PS-1764' also differ by producing very little to no waxy coat on the

surface with also little to no anthocyanins as compared to 'PS-1070' which produces a medium waxy coat with medium anthocyanins. Thorns are slightly longer in length yet much more abundant along the cane as compared to 'PS-1070'. Thorn tips of 'PS-1764' are very light red-purple in color as compared to 'PS-1070' which tends to be medium red-purple.

- 5 The foliage of 'PS-1764' is slightly darker green in color, slightly more broad than long with longer petioles as compared to 'PS-1070'. Leaf shape of 'PS-1764' tends to be mostly ovate while 'PS-1070' tends to be more cordate in shape. The fruit of 'PS-1764' is much larger in size, more conical in shape with larger drupelets per berry as compared to 'PS-1070'. The skin is slightly weaker yet glossier with better overall appearance than 'PS-1070'. Seeds are also
- 10 larger in size as compared to 'PS-1070'.

- In comparison to the parent variety 'PS-127', 'PS-1764' differs by the following combination of characteristics. 'PS-1764' fall fruit production begins later with a lighter total fall yield. Floricane fruit production also begins later than 'PS-127'. 'PS-1764' fruit size, seed size and drupelet size are much larger as compared to 'PS-127'. The foliage of 'PS-1764' is
- 15 slightly darker green in color and slightly larger in overall size as compared to 'PS-127'. The leaf cross-section of 'PS-1764' is less convex as compared to 'PS-127'.

- In comparison to the parent variety 'Heritage', 'PS-1764' differs by the following combination of characteristics. 'PS-1764' fall fruit production begins later with a lighter total fall yield. 'PS-1764' fruit size, seed size and drupelet size are much larger as compared to
- 20 'Heritage'. The foliage of 'PS-1764' is slightly more broad than long and slightly larger in overall size as compared to 'Heritage'. 'PS-1764' has nearly always 3 leaflets per leaf as compared to 'Heritage' which is mostly 3 to 5 leaflets per leaf.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The accompanying color photographs show typical specimens of the new variety at various stages of development as nearly true as it is possible to make in color reproductions.

The depicted plant and plant parts were approximately 6 to 9 months old:

5 Fig. 1 is a photograph of fruit taken in the month of June;

Fig. 2 is a photograph showing typical fruit characteristics taken in the month of September;

Fig. 3 is a photograph showing typical leaf characteristics taken in the month of August;

10 Fig. 4 is a photograph of primocane foliage taken in the month of June; and

Fig. 5 is a photograph showing typical primocane and flower characteristics taken in the month of September.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The following description of 'PS-1764' unless otherwise noted, is based on observations taken in Watsonville, California. These measurements and ratings were taken from plants dug from a nursery located in Monterey County, California during the middle of

5 November and planted approximately 3 to 4 weeks later in Watsonville, California. The approximate age of the observed plants were 8 to 9 months old. Yield observations and fruit quality characteristics are averaged from data collected during the 1998 through 2002 production seasons. The phenotypical descriptions, measurements and color designations stated for the new variety may vary, depending upon variations in environmental factors,

10 including weather (temperature, humidity and light intensity), day length, soil type, location and cultural conditions. 'PS-1764' has not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. Color terminology where noted follows the Munsell Book of Colors, Munsell Color, Baltimore, Maryland (1976).

FRUIT CHARACTERISTICS

Table 1

5 1998 - 2002 average market fruit yield and fruit size characteristics of PS-1764^a with standards from Watsonville, California.

10	Character	PS-1764 ^a	PS-1049 ^a	PS-1070 ^a
15	Primocane Yield July - August mean (gm/pl)	265	512	860
20	Primocane Yield Season Total mean (gm/pl)	1864	1721	1510
25	Florican Yield May mean (gm/pl)	117	45	189
30	Florican Yield July mean (gm/pl)	811	856	390
35	Florican Yield Season Total mean (gm/pl)	2526	1740	1613
	Primocane Fruit Size mean (gms)	3.7	2.8	2.4
	Florican Fruit Size mean (gms)	3.6	2.5	2.2

40 Fruit was harvested from July through October (primocanes) and May through July (floricanes).

Table 2

5 Comparison of mature fruit characteristics of 'PS-1764', with standards from Watsonville, California, September 18, 2002

	Character	'PS-1764'	'PS-1049'	'PS-1070'
10	Munsell Color Range mature fruit	7.5R 3/12 to 4/12	5R 3/6 to 3/8	7.5 R 4/10 to 3/10
15	Fruit Length mean (cm)	2.3	2.2	1.8
	Fruit Width mean (cm)*	2.1	2.0	1.8
20	Fruit Length/Width Ratio	1.1	1.1	1.0
	Calyx Diameter mean (cm)	2.8	2.6	2.4
25	Drupelets/Berry mean	68	79	62
30	Seed Weight mean (mgs)	1.6	1.3	1.4

* Width is measured across the widest part of the berry, typically across the shoulders

Table 3

40 Comparison of 1999 - 2002 primocane fruit quality characteristics of 'PS-1764' with Standards from Watsonville, California.*

	Character	'PS-1764'	'PS-1049'	'PS-1070'
45	Skin Firmness	7.8	8.7	8.3
	Fruit Appearance	8.0	8.0	7.8
50	Fruit Gloss	8.2	7.6	7.8

* Results are averaged from 4 years of replicated fruit quality test performed from August through October 1999 - 2002. Ratings are based on a scale from 1-10; the higher the rating, the stronger the skin and more attractive and glossy the berry.

Fruit:

Size: -- large to very large

Ratio of length/width: -- slightly longer than broad

Predominant shape: -- conical

5 *Color of mature fresh fruit:* -- light red

Evenness of color: -- even

Glossiness: -- strong

Adherence of receptacle: --very weak

Firmness of flesh: -- firm to very firm

10 *Firmness of skin:* -- weak to medium

Receptacle size: -- medium to medium-large

Core cavity size: -- medium large to large

Druplet size: -- medium to large

Druplet arrangement around the berry: --slightly irregular

15 *Primocane time of fruiting:* -- late

Florican time of fruiting: -- medium

Type of bearing: -- everbearing

PLANT CHARACTERISTICS

Table 4

5

Comparison of mature cane characteristics of 'PS-1764' compared with standards from Watsonville, California.

10

Character	'PS-1764'	'PS-1049'	'PS-1070'
PRIMOCANE August 31, 2002			
15 Munsell Color Range	5GY 6/6 to 5/6	5GY 7/4 to 6/4	5GY 6/6 to 7/6
Length mean (m)	1.8	1.9	1.4
20 Lateral Length mean (cm)	35.9	67.8	24.1
Basal Diameter mean (mm)	13.8	12.8	11.5
25 Canes/Crown	2.6	2.4	3.2
Cane Diameter central 1/3 mean (mm)	12.6	11.4	9.0
30 Fruiting Laterals per cane	16.8	16.3	13.6
35 of cane fruiting	30.2	40.5	37.7
Internode length central 1/3 mean (cm)	3.6	5.1	4.3
40 Thorn Length central 1/3 mean (mm)	2.0	2.3	1.8
45 Thorns/cm central 1/3 mean	9.4	3.3	4.2
FLORICANE May 30, 2002			
Munsell Color Range	5YR 3/6 to 4/6	5YR 4/4 to 4/6	5YR 5/4 to 6/4
55 Length mean (m)	1.49	1.2	N/A

Plant:

Habit: -- erect to very erect*Density:* -- medium dense to dense*Size:* -- medium large to large5 *Productivity:* -- high*Root development:* -- root development initiated in about 1 to 3 months

Primocanes/Floricanes:

Primocane color: -- medium to light green yellow10 *Primocane anthocyanin coloration:* -- absent to very weak*Primocane thorn density:* -- many*Floricanes color:* -- medium to dark yellow brown*Production of waxy coat:* -- very thin to none

15 Young Shoots:

Number: -- medium*Anthocyanin coloration:* -- absent to very weak*Thorn density:* -- strong

20 Thorns:

Color (tip): -- 7.5RP 5/4 very light reddish purple*Color (base):* -- light green yellow*Texture:* -- rigid*Attitude of the tip:* -- horizontal

FOLIAGE CHARACTERISTICS

Table 5

Comparison of mature leaf characteristics of 'PS-1764', compared with standards from Watsonville, California, August 15, 2002

Character	'PS-1764'	'PS-1049'	'PS-1070'
Munsell Color Range (upper surface)	7.5 GY 2/4 to 3/4	7.5GY 3/4 to 4/4	5GY 3/4 to 3/6
Munsell Color Range (lower surface)	5GY 6/2 to 7/2	5 GY 5/4 to 6/4	5GY 5/4 to 6/4
Terminal Leaflet length mean (cm)*	13.8	14.9	14.2
Terminal Leaflet width mean (cm)*	10.9	10.2	9.7
Terminal Leaflet ratio (L/W)	1.3	1.5	1.5
Petiole Length mean (cm)	7.4	7.2	5.7
Petiole Width mean (mm)	3.5	3.2	3.1
Rachis Length** mean (cm)	4.6	4.3	4.1
Thorns/Petiole mean	16.8	18.6	12.3
Stipule Length mean (mm)	9.8	10.1	8.8
Lateral Leaflet basal pair length mean (cm)	12.0	12.1	10.8
Lateral Leaflet basal pair width mean (cm)	7.2	7.2	7.0

* Terminal leaflets measurements are taken from a 3 leaflet leaf.

** Rachis length = length between the terminal leaflet and the adjacent lateral leaflets of a 3 leaflet leaf

Foliage:

Color of upper surface: -- medium to medium dark green

Color of under side: -- light to pale grey green

Shape in cross section: -- flat to strongly convex

5 *Arrangement:* -- compound

Relief between veins: -- medium to strong

Glossiness: -- medium

Number of leaflets/leaf: -- mostly to always three

10 **Terminal Leaflet:**

Size: -- medium to large

Shape: -- ovate

Length/width ratio: -- longer than broad

Shape of base: -- cordate

15 *Shape of tip:* -- acuminate

Margins: -- biserrate

Lateral Leaflet:

Size: -- medium to large

20 *Shape:* -- ovate

Overlapping: -- touching to free

Orientation: -- opposite

Shape of the base: -- obtuse

Shape of the tip: -- acuminate

25 *Margins:* -- biserrate

Rachis length: -- long

Petiole:

*Texture: -- medium pubescence**Thorn orientation: -- erect**Anthocyanin coloration: -- absent to very weak*5 *Stipule orientation: -- erect ~~erect~~*

FLOWERS

Table 6

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Comparison of mature flower characteristics of 'PS-1764', compared with standards from Watsonville, California, August 23, 2002

15

Character	'PS-1764'	'PS-1049'	'PS-1070'
20 Calyx Diameter mean (cm)	3.0	2.6	2.1
Petal Length mean (mm)	7.5	6.9	6.6
25 Petal Width mean (mm)	4.4	3.5	2.9
Petal Ratio (L/W)	1.7	2.0	2.3
30 Petals/Flower mean	5.0	5.1	5.0
35 Sepals/Flower mean	5.3	5.0	5.1

Flowers:

*Color: -- white**Size: -- medium to large, about 3 cm*40 *Size of calyx relative to corolla: -- larger**Relative position of petals: -- free**Petal length/width ratio: -- longer than broad to much longer than broad*

Reproductive Organs:

Pistils: -- average 60 to 90 per flower and medium to large in size

Stamens: -- average 90 to 130 per flower and medium to large in size

- 5 Hardiness: -- winter hardiness and drought/heat tolerances were not observed

PEST REACTIONS

- 10 This new variety may not be resistant to any of the known insects, diseases or viruses common in California. It is known to be moderately susceptible to the two-spotted spider mite. It is also known to be moderately susceptible to powdery mildew and highly susceptible to yellow rust. The susceptibility of the new variety to any of the virus complexes of California has not been determined.

I claim:

1. A new and distinct raspberry ~~variety~~ plant as herein described and illustrated by the characteristics set forth above.

5

ABSTRACT

This invention relates to a new and distinct everbearing variety of raspberry plant named 'PS-1764'. The new variety is primarily adapted to the growing conditions of the central coast of California and is characterized by the following. Fruit that is very large in size, light in color, glossy with very large drupelets. Fall fruit production that begins late with low July-August yields. Primocanes are medium to long in length, large in diameter, medium to light green in color producing very little to no waxy coat and little to no anthocyanins. Thorns are strong and stout in texture with little to no reddish color on the tip.

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